## SEVENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT

### NORTHERN GROWERS, LLC

July 31, 2012

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# SEVENTH AMENDED AND RESTATED OPERATING AGREEMENT OF NORTHERN GROWERS, LLC

This Seventh Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Northern Growers, LLC (the "Company") dated as of the 31st day of July, 2012, is executed and agreed to, for good and valuable consideration, by the Members (as defined below) and the Company. This Seventh Amended and Restated Operating Agreement amends and restates in its entirety that certain Sixth Amended and Restated Operating Agreement dated July 1, 2010.

**WHEREAS**, the Class A Members are currently the only class of Members allowed to vote on a merger or consolidation between the Company and another business entity;

**WHEREAS**, the Managers believe that by not allowing Class B Members and Class C Members the right to vote on a merger or consolidation with another business entity, it unfairly disenfranchises Class B Members and Class C Members from voting on an important transaction involving the Company;

**WHEREAS**, this Agreement is amended to allow Class B Members and Class C Members the right to vote on a merger or consolidation with another business entity;

**WHEREAS**, the Managers, notwithstanding their desire to allow Class B and Class C Members the right to vote on a merger or consolidation with another business entity, desire that the Company remain a non-SEC reporting company; and

**WHEREAS**, the Managers have voted in favor of this Seventh Amended and Restated Operating Agreement at a special meeting of the Company's Managers held on June 22, 2012.

**NOW THEREFORE**, the parties agree to the following terms and conditions:

### ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

As used in this Operating Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:

- 1.1 "Act" means the South Dakota Limited Liability Company Act and any successor statute, as amended from time to time.
- 1.2 "Agreement" means this Operating Agreement of Northern Growers, LLC, as amended from time to time.
- 1.3 "Affiliate" of any Person shall mean any other Person, directly or indirectly, controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such Person; or if such Person is a partnership, any general partner of such Person or a Person controlling any such general partner. For purposes of this definition, "control" (including "controlled by" and "under common control with") shall mean the power, directly or indirectly, to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.
- 1.4 "Articles" means the Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State of South Dakota on April 1, 2002, by which the Company was organized as a South Dakota limited liability company under and pursuant to the Act.
- 1.5 "Board of Managers" means the Managers acting as a group with the powers set forth in the Articles and this Operating Agreement.

- 1.6 "Bankrupt Member" means (except to the extent that the Board of Managers determines otherwise) any Member (a) that makes a general assignment for the benefit of creditors; (b) files a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; (c) files a petition or answer seeking for the Member a liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any law; (d) files an answer or other pleading admitting or failing to contest the material allegations of a petition filed against the Member in a proceeding of the type described in subclauses (a) through (c); (e) seeks, consents to, or acquiesces in the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the Member's or of all or any substantial part of the Member's properties; or (f) against which an involuntary petition has been filed and a proceeding seeking relief under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, liquidation, dissolution, or similar relief under any law has been commenced and ninety (90) days have expired without dismissal thereof or with respect to which, without the Member's consent or acquiescence, a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the Member or of all or any substantial part of the Member's properties has been appointed and ninety (90) days have expired without the appointment having been vacated or stayed, or ninety (90) days have expired after the date of expiration of a stay, if the appointment has not previously been vacated.
- 1.7 "Capital Contribution" means any actual contribution by a Member to the capital of the Company through the purchase of Capital Units (but does not include subscribed for, but unpaid Capital Units).
- 1.8 "Capital Unit" or "Unit" means Capital Units of the Company with the rights and privileges set forth in this Operating Agreement, including Class A, Class B and Class C Capital Units, and any other class of Capital Units as may be approved and adopted by the Board of Managers.
- 1.9 "Capital Unit Transfer System" means the procedures set forth in Article 4 of this Operating Agreement governing all Dispositions of Capital Units.
- 1.10 "Class A Members" means all Persons (i) whose names are set forth as such in the Member Register or who have become a Class A Member pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and (ii) who own one (1) or more Class A Units.
- 1.11 "Class A Units" means an ownership interest in the Company that represents a Capital Contribution made as provided in Section 5 in consideration of the Class A Units, including any and all rights and privileges to which the holder is entitled, together with all obligations of such holder to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.
- 1.12 "Class B Members" means all Persons (i) whose names are set forth as such in the Member Register or who have become a Class B Member pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and (ii) who own one (1) or more Class B Units.
- 1.13 "Class B Units" means an ownership interest in the Company that represents a Capital Contribution made as provided in Section 5 in consideration of the Class B Units, including any and all rights and privileges to which the holder is entitled, together with all obligations of such holder to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.
- 1.14 "Class C Members" means all Persons (i) whose names are set forth as such in the Member Register or who have become a Class C Member pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and (ii) who own one (1) or more Class C Units.
- 1.15 "Class C Units" means an ownership interest in the Company that represents a Capital Contribution made as provided in Section 5 in consideration of the Class C Units, including any and all rights and privileges to which the holder is entitled, together with all obligations of such holder to comply with the terms and provisions of this Agreement.
- 1.16 "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and any successor statute, as amended from time to time.

- 1.17 "Committed Capital" means any cash or non-cash property that a person contributes to the Company in exchange for the issuance of Capital Units.
- 1.18 "Company" means Northern Growers, LLC, a manager-managed South Dakota limited liability company.
- 1.19 "Dispose," "Disposing," or "Disposition" means the sale, assignment, transfer, gift, exchange, or other disposition of one or more Capital Units, whether voluntary or involuntary, but not the mortgage, pledge, or grant of a security interest therein.
- 1.20 "Manager" means any natural Person who is a member of the Board of Managers of the Company, whether initially named in the Articles or later elected as provided in this Operating Agreement.
- 1.21 "Member" means any Class A Member, Class B Member, or Class C Member and, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "Member" shall include any Member's representative in the event of the death, incapacity, or liquidation of the Member. Except as specifically stated otherwise, "Members" refers to all Class A, Class B, and Class C Members.
- 1.22 "Member Register" means the register of Members of the Company maintained by the Company at its principal place of business.
- 1.23 "Net Cash from Operations" means the gross cash proceeds from the Company's investments, operations, sales, and other dispositions of assets, including but not limited to investment assets (but not including sales and other dispositions of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company), less the portion thereof used to pay, or set aside for, the established reserves for all the Company's expenses, debt payments, capital improvements, replacements and contingencies, all as determined by the Board of Managers. Net Cash from Operations shall not be reduced by depreciation, amortization, cost recovery deductions, or similar allowances, but shall be increased by any reduction of reserves previously established, but not expended, as authorized by the Board of Managers.
- 1.24 "Northern Lights Ethanol" means Northern Lights Ethanol, LLC (d/b/a POET<sup>®</sup> Biorefining Big Stone City), a South Dakota limited liability company, formed for the purpose of constructing, owning and operating an ethanol production facility in Big Stone City, South Dakota.
- 1.25 "Ownership Percentage" with respect to any Member means the percentage of ownership of a Member determined by taking the total Capital Units held by such Member divided by the aggregate total number of issued and outstanding Capital Units.
- 1.26 "Person" includes an individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, foreign limited liability company, trust, estate, corporation, foreign corporation, cooperative, custodian, trustee, executor, administrator, nominee or entity in a representative capacity.
- 1.27 "Proceeding" means any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, arbitrative or investigative.
- 1.28 "Quarter" means any of the three-month periods ending on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31.
  - 1.29 "Reclassification" has the meaning set forth in the recitals of this Agreement.
- 1.30 "Reclassification Effective Time" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.6 of this Agreement.
- 1.31 "Super Majority Vote" means the affirmative vote of 75% of the total number of Managers elected to the Board of Managers.

1.32 "Treasury Regulations" means the Income Tax Regulations, promulgated under the Code, as such regulations are amended from time to time.

Other terms defined herein have the meanings so given them.

#### ARTICLE 2 ORGANIZATION

- 2.1 <u>Formation</u>. The Company has been organized as a South Dakota limited liability company by the filing of Articles under and pursuant to the Act and the issuance of a certificate of organization for the Company by the Secretary of State of South Dakota.
- 2.2 Name. The name of the Company is Northern Growers, LLC and all Company business must be conducted in that name or such other names that comply with applicable law as the Board of Managers may select from time to time.
- 2.3 Registered Office; Registered Agent, Principal Office in the United States; Other Offices. The registered office of the Company required by the Act to be maintained in the State of South Dakota shall be the office of the initial registered agent named in the Articles or such other office (which need not be a place of business of the Company) as the Board of Managers may designate from time to time in the manner provided by law. The registered agent of the Company in the State of South Dakota shall be the initial registered agent named in the Articles or such other Person or Persons as the Board of Managers may designate from time to time in the manner provided by law. The principal office of the Company in the United States shall be at such place as the Board of Managers may designate from time to time, which need not be in the State of South Dakota, and the Company shall maintain records there as required by the Act and shall keep the street address of such principal office at the registered office of the Company in the State of South Dakota. The Company may have such other offices as the Board of Managers may designate from time to time.
- 2.4 <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of the Company is to own a membership interest in Northern Lights Ethanol, which will produce and market ethanol and ethanol co-products from its ethanol production facility located in Big Stone City, South Dakota, and any other purpose allowed under South Dakota law.
- 2.5 Foreign Qualification. Prior to the Company's conducting business in any jurisdiction other than South Dakota, the Board of Managers shall cause the Company to comply, to the extent procedures are available and those matters are reasonably within the control of the Board of Managers, with all requirements necessary to qualify the Company as a foreign limited liability company in that jurisdiction. At the request of the Board of Managers, the Company's officers (as specified in Article 7) shall execute, acknowledge, swear to, and deliver all certificates and other instruments conforming with this Operating Agreement that are necessary or appropriate to qualify, continue, and terminate the Company as a foreign limited liability company in all such jurisdictions in which the Company may conduct business.
- 2.6 <u>Term.</u> The Company commenced its existence on the date the Secretary of State of South Dakota issued a certificate of organization for the Company and shall continue in existence until dissolved.
- 2.7 <u>Mergers and Exchanges</u>. The Company may be a party to (a) a merger, (b) a consolidation, or (c) an exchange or acquisition, subject to the requirements of this Operating Agreement. Consent to any such merger, consolidation, exchange or acquisition shall be by vote of the Class A Members as set forth in Article 3.
- 2.8 <u>No State-Law Partnership</u>. The Members intend that the Company not be a partnership (including, without limitation, a limited partnership) or joint venture for any purposes other than federal income and state income tax purposes, and this Operating Agreement shall not be construed to suggest otherwise.

2.9 <u>Fiscal Year</u>. The Company's fiscal year shall end on December 31 of each year or such other date as the Board of Managers shall determine.

#### ARTICLE 3 MEMBERS

#### 3.1 Members.

- (a) No Person shall be admitted as a new Class A Member unless or until such person: (i) agrees to be bound by this Agreement by submitting an executed signature page to this Agreement; (ii) submits any other documents required by the Company as required by its Capital Units Transfer System; and (iii) is approved by the Board of Managers. The Board of Managers may refuse to admit any additional Person as a Class A Member in its sole discretion. The provisions of this section shall apply to any person who acquires Capital Units directly from the Company or through a Disposition by a Member.
- (b) No Person shall be admitted as a new Class B Member unless or until such person: (i) agrees to be bound by this Agreement by submitting an executed signature page to this Agreement; (ii) submits any other documents required by the Company as required by its Capital Units Transfer System; and (iii) is approved by the Board of Managers. The Board of Managers may refuse to admit any additional Person as a Class B Member in its sole discretion. The provisions of this section shall apply to any person who acquires Capital Units directly from the Company or through a Disposition by a Member.
- (c) No Person shall be admitted as a new Class C Member unless or until such person: (i) agrees to be bound by this Agreement by submitting an executed signature page to this Agreement and (ii) submits any other documents required by the Company as required by its Capital Units Transfer System. The provisions of this section shall apply to any person who acquires Capital Units directly from the Company or through a Disposition by a Member.
- 3.2 <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. Each Member represents and warrants to the Company and each other Member that:
  - (a) if that Member is a corporation, it is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the state of its incorporation and is duly qualified and in good standing as a foreign corporation in the jurisdiction of its principal place of business (if not incorporated therein);
  - (b) if that Member is a limited liability company, it is duly organized, validly existing, and (if applicable) in good standing under the laws of the state of its organization and is duly qualified and (if applicable) in good standing as a foreign limited liability company in the jurisdiction of its principal place of business (if not organized therein);
  - (c) if that Member is a partnership, trust, or other entity, it is duly formed, validly existing, and (if applicable) in good standing under the laws of the state of its formation, and if required by law is duly qualified to do business and (if applicable) in good standing in the jurisdiction of its principal place of business (if not formed therein), and the representations and warranties in clause (a), (b) or (c), as applicable, are true and correct with respect to each partner (other than limited partners), trustee or other member thereof;
  - (d) that the Member has full corporate, limited liability company, partnership, trust, or other applicable power and authority to execute and agree to this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder and all necessary actions by the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members, partners, trustees, beneficiaries or other Persons necessary for the due authorization,

execution, delivery and performance of this Operating Agreement by that Member have been duly taken;

- (e) that the Member has duly executed and delivered this Agreement; and
- (f) that the Member's authorization, execution, delivery and performance of this Operating Agreement does not conflict with any other agreement or arrangement to which that Member is a party or by which it is bound.
- 3.3 Interests in a Member. A Member that is not a natural person may not cause or permit an interest, direct or indirect, in itself to be Disposed of in violation of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or such that, after the Disposition, (a) the Company would be considered to have terminated within the meaning of Section 708 of the Code or (b) without the consent of the Board of Managers, that Member, except any Class C Member, shall cease to be controlled by substantially the same Persons who control it as of the date of its admission to the Company. On any breach of this Section 3.4, the Company shall have the option to redeem, and on exercise of that option the breaching Member shall surrender, the breaching Member's Capital Units in accordance with Section 4.3 of this Operating Agreement.

#### 3.4 Information.

- (a) In addition to the other rights specifically set forth in this Operating Agreement, each Member is entitled to all information to which that Member is entitled to have access pursuant to the Act under the circumstances and subject to the conditions therein stated. The Members agree, however, that, except as otherwise provided by law, the Board of Managers from time to time may determine, due to contractual obligations, business concerns, or other considerations, that certain information regarding the business, affairs, properties and financial condition of the Company should be kept confidential and not provided to some or all other Members, and that it is not just or reasonable for those Members or their assignees or representatives to examine or copy any such confidential information.
- The Members acknowledge that from time to time, they may receive information from or regarding the Company in the nature of trade secrets or that otherwise is confidential, the release of which may be damaging to the Company or Persons with whom it does business. Each Member shall hold in strict confidence any information it receives regarding the Company that is identified as being confidential (and if that information is provided in writing, that is so marked) and may not disclose it to any Person other than another Member, except for disclosures (i) compelled by law (but the Member must notify the Board of Managers promptly of any request for that information before disclosing it, if practicable), (ii) to advisers or representatives of the Member or Persons who have acquired that Member's Capital Units through a Disposition as permitted by this Agreement, but only if the recipients have agreed to be bound by the provisions of this section, or (iii) of information that the Member also has received from a source independent of the Company that the Member reasonably believes obtained that information without breach of any obligation of confidentiality. The Members acknowledge that a breach of the provisions of this section may cause irreparable injury to the Company for which monetary damages are inadequate, difficult to compute, or both. Accordingly, the Members agree that the provisions of this section may be enforced by specific performance.
- 3.5 <u>Liabilities to Third Parties</u>. Except as otherwise expressly agreed in writing, no Member shall be liable for the debts, obligations or liabilities of the Company, including under a judgment, decree or order of a court.
- 3.6 <u>Withdrawal</u>. A Member does not have the right or power to withdraw from the Company as a Member, except as set forth in this Agreement.
- 3.7 <u>Lack of Authority</u>. No Member, other than a Member acting in his or her capacity as an officer of the Company, has the authority or power to act for or on behalf of the Company, to do any act

that would be binding on the Company, or to incur any expenditures on behalf of the Company, except with the prior consent of the Board of Managers.

- 3.8 <u>Classes and Voting</u>. Unless the Articles state to the contrary or as provided by this Agreement, or any amendment hereto, there shall be three (3) classes of Members: Class A Members, Class B Members and Class C Members. The Board of Managers may establish additional classes or groups of one or more Members.
  - (a) Class A Members. Class A Members shall be entitled to vote on all matters coming to a vote of the Class A Members as provided in Section 3.8(d). Each Class A Member may cast only one (1) vote on each matter brought to a vote of the Class A Members, regardless of the number of Class A Units owned. On all matters voted upon by the Class A Members, the affirmative vote of the majority of Class A Members voting on the matter at hand shall be the act of the Class A Members, except as otherwise provided herein.
  - (b) Class B Members. Class B Members shall be entitled to vote on all matters coming to a vote of Class B Members as provided in Section 3.8(e). Each Class B Member may cast only one (1) vote on each matter brought to a vote of the Class B Members, regardless of the number of Class B Units owned. On all matters voted upon by the Class B Members, the affirmative vote of the holders of the majority of the Class B Members voting on the matter at hand shall be the act of the Class B Members, except as otherwise provided herein.
  - (c) Class C Members. Class C Members shall be entitled to vote on all matters coming to a vote of Class C Members as provided in Section 3.8(f). Each Class C Member may cast only one (1) vote on each matter brought to a vote of the Class C Capital Members, regardless of the number of Class C Units owned. On all matters voted upon by the Class C Members, the affirmative vote of the majority of the Class C Members voting on the matter at hand shall be the act of the Class C Members, except as otherwise provided herein.
  - (d) *Voting by Class A Members*. Class A Members shall only be entitled to vote on the following matters.
    - (i) the merger or consolidation of the Company with another business entity where the exchange of interest in the Company for interest in another company;
    - (ii) the sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets;
    - (iii) the voluntary dissolution of the Company;
    - (iv) any amendment to the Agreement;
    - (v) any matter required by the Act or South Dakota law; and
    - (vi) the election of Managers as set forth in Section 8.4 and removal of Managers as set forth in Section 8.6.

With respect to term (i) of this section, the vote shall be determined by the affirmative vote of the majority of the Members voting on the matter at hand and together as one class. Any matter identified in terms (ii) through (v) of this section must receive the affirmative vote of the majority of the Class A Members voting on the matter at hand. With respect to term (vi) of this section, except as it relates to the removal of a Manager as set forth in Section 8.6, the vote shall be determined by a vote of the plurality of the Class A Members voting on the matter at hand; the vote for the removal of persons serving on the Board of Managers for purposes of Section 8.6 shall be determined by the votes stated therein.

- (e) *Voting by Class B Members*. Class B Members shall only be entitled to vote on the following matters:
  - (i) the voluntary dissolution of the Company;
  - (ii) any amendment of this Agreement to the extent that such amendment would affect any of the voting or economic rights of the Class B Units provided for in this Agreement;
  - (iii) any matter required by the Act or South Dakota law;
  - (iv) the election of Managers as set forth in Section 8.4 and removal of Managers in Section 8.6; and
  - (v) the merger or consolidation of the Company with another business entity where the exchange of interest in the Company for interest in another company;

Any matter identified in terms (i) through (iii) of this section must receive the affirmative vote of the majority of the Class B Members voting on the matter at hand. With respect to term (iv) of this section, except as it relates to the removal of a Manager under Section 8.6, the vote shall be determined by a vote of the plurality of the Class B Members voting on the matter at hand; the vote for the removal of persons serving on the Board of Managers for purposes of Section 8.6 shall be determined by the votes stated therein. With respect to term (v) of this section, the vote shall be determined by the affirmative vote of the majority of the Members voting on the matter at hand and together as one class.

- (f) *Voting by Class C Members*. Class C Members shall be only entitled to vote on the following matters:
  - (i) any amendment to this Agreement to the extent that such amendment would affect any of the voting or economic rights of the Class C Units provided for in this Agreement;
  - (ii) any matter required by the Act or South Dakota law;
  - (iii) the election of a Manager as set forth in Section 8.4 and removal of Managers as set forth in Section 8.6; and
  - (iv) the merger or consolidation of the Company with another business entity where the exchange of interest in the Company for interest in another company.

Any matter identified in terms (i) through (ii) of this section must receive the affirmative vote of the majority of the Class C Members voting on the matter at hand. With respect to term (iii) of this section, except as it relates to the removal of a Manager under Section 8.6, the vote shall be determined by a vote of the plurality of the Class C Members voting on the matter at hand; the vote for removal of the person serving on the Board of Managers for purposes of Section 8.6 shall be determined by the votes stated therein. With respect to term (iv) of this section, the vote shall be determined by the affirmative vote of the majority of the Members voting on the matter at hand and together as one class.

3.9 <u>Place and Manner of Meeting</u>. All meetings of the Members shall be held at such time and place, within or without the State of South Dakota, as shall be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof. Presence in person, or written ballot, shall constitute participation in a meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

- 3.10 <u>Conduct of Meetings</u>. All meetings of the Members shall be presided over by the Chief Executive Officer. All meetings of the Members shall be conducted in general accordance with the most recent edition of <u>Robert's Rules of Order</u>, or such other rules and procedures as may be determined by the Board of Managers in its discretion.
- 3.11 <u>Annual Meeting</u>. The annual meeting of the Members for the transaction of all business which may come before the meeting shall be held on a date determined by the Board of Managers. Failure to hold the annual meeting at the designated time shall not be grounds for dissolution of the Company.
- 3.12 <u>Special Meetings</u>. A special meeting of the Members may be called at any time by the Chief Executive Officer, the Board of Managers or by the Secretary upon the request of 20% of the Members, whether Class A Members, Class B Members or Class C Members, or a combination thereof. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of such meeting and the matters proposed to be acted on at the special meeting.
- 3.13 <u>Notice</u>. Written or printed notice stating the place, day and hour of the meeting and, in case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be delivered not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting either personally or by mail, by or at the direction of the Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary or the Board of Managers calling the meeting, to each Member entitled to vote at the meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail addressed to the Member at the Member's address as it appears on the records of the Company, with postage thereon prepaid.
  - (a) If a purpose of any Member meeting is to consider any of the following matters, the notice must state such purpose
    - (i) a plan of merger, consolidation or exchange
    - (ii) the sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all, or substantially all, of the Company's assets;
    - (iii) the voluntary dissolution of the Company; or
    - (iv) the removal of any member or members of the Board of Managers;
  - (b) The notice for any Member meeting relating to any of the purposes listed in (a) above must be accompanied by a copy or summary of the respective:
    - (i) plan of merger, consolidation or exchange;
  - (ii) the transaction description for the proposed sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all, or substantially all, of the Company's assets;
    - (iii) the plan of liquidation; or
    - (iv) identification of the Manager or Managers whose removal is sought.
- 3.14 Quorum of Members. Five percent (5%) of the Members entitled to vote on each matter being presented at the meeting, whether Class A Members, Class B Members or Class C Members, or a combination thereof, whatever the case may be, represented in person or by written ballot, shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of the Members. The Members present at a duly organized meeting at which a quorum is present may transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the departure or withdrawal of enough Members to leave less than a quorum.
- 3.15 <u>Voting of Capital Units by Company</u>. A Capital Unit owned by another limited liability company, corporation or other legal entity, the majority of which is owned or controlled by this Company,

and a Capital Unit held by this Company in a fiduciary capacity, shall not be voted, directly or indirectly, at any meeting, and shall not be counted in determining the total Capital Units of a class at any given time.

- Closing Record Books and Fixing Record Data. For the purpose of determining Members entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of Members or any adjournment thereof or in order to make a determination of Members for any other proper purpose, the Board of Managers may provide that the record books shall be closed for a stated period not exceeding ten (10) days. If the record books shall be closed for the purpose of determining Members entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of Members, such books shall be closed for a period not exceeding ten (10) days immediately preceding such meeting. In lieu of closing the record books, the Board of Managers may fix in advance a date as the record date for any such determination of Members, such date in any case to be not more than sixty (60) days and in the case of a meeting of Members, not less than ten (10) days prior to the date of which the particular action requiring such determination of Members is to be taken. If the record books are not closed and no record date is fixed for the determination of Members entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of Members, the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed, as the case may be, shall be the record date for such determination of Members. When a determination of Members entitled to vote at any meeting of Members has been made as provided in this section, such determination shall apply to any adjournment thereof, except where the determination has been made through the closing of record books and the stated period of closing has expired.
- 3.17 Fixing Record Dates for Ballots by Mail. Unless a record date shall have previously been fixed or determined herein, whenever action by Members is proposed to be taken by written ballot without attendance being required at a meeting of Members, the Board of Managers may fix a record date for purposes of determining Members entitled to vote by ballot on the action, which record date shall be set by the Board of Managers not more than sixty (60) days prior to the deadline for returning ballots to the Company. If no record date has been fixed by the Board of Managers, the record date for determining Members entitled to vote by written ballot without requiring attendance at a meeting of Members shall be at the close of business on the tenth day preceding the mailing of the written ballots to the Members.
  - 3.18 <u>Proxies</u>. Voting by proxy shall not be allowed.

### ARTICLE 4 DISPOSITION OF CAPITAL UNITS

- 4.1 General Restrictions on the Disposition of Capital Units.
- (a) No Disposition of Capital Units shall be valid except as specifically provided in this Article 4. To be valid, a Disposition must comply with the Company's Capital Units Transfer System as adopted or approved by the Board of Managers, as it may be amended from time to time, and, in the case of Class A Units and Class B Units, be approved by the Board of Managers. The Capital Units Transfer System shall conform with Section 1.7704-1 et seq. of the Treasury Regulations as adopted or amended by the Internal Revenue Service from time to time, and it is the intent of this Agreement that: (i) the tax status of this Company be the same as for a partnership, (ii) this Company preserve its partnership tax status by complying with Section 1.7704-1, et seq., and any amendments thereto, and (iii) to the extent possible, this Agreement shall be read and interpreted to prohibit the free transferability of Capital Units. Any attempted Disposition by a Person of Capital Units or any other interest or right, or any part thereof, in or in respect of the Company, other than in accordance with this Article 4 and the Capital Units Transfer System shall be, and is hereby declared, null and void *ab initio*.
- (b) The Board of Managers shall not approve, and the Company shall not recognize for any purpose, any purported Disposition of a Capital Unit unless and until the other applicable provisions of this Article 4 have been satisfied, all conditions have been satisfied under the Capital Units Transfer System, and the Company has received a completed transfer request in the form adopted by the Board of Managers. If the Person acquiring the Capital Units in the Disposition is

not a Member, then such Person must also comply with Section 3.1 of this Agreement. Dispositions of Capital Units, and the resulting admissions of new Members, if applicable, are effective as of the first day of the Quarter following the Quarter in which such matters are approved by the Board of Managers, provided such Disposition complies with the Code. Upon the effectiveness of a Disposition of all or a portion of a Member's Capital Units, the Company shall transfer all, or the respective proportion of the capital account of the Member effecting the Disposition to the Member or Members who have acquired the Capital Units. No partial Capital Units may be subject to a Disposition. If a Person becomes the beneficial holder of Capital Units but has not become a Member (whether due to such Person's failure to sign this Agreement or the Board of Managers' refusal to accept such Person as a Member upon a Disposition of Capital Units), such Person shall receive the allocations of income, gain, losses, deductions, credits and distributions in accordance with Article 6 of this Agreement until such time as the Person becomes a Member or until such Person's Capital Units are redeemed in accordance with Section 4.3 of this Agreement. Such Person shall have no voting rights until such time as the Person becomes a Member and complies with this Section 4.1.

- (c) The Board of Managers will not approve or otherwise allow any Disposition unless (i) either (a) the Disposition is registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any applicable state securities laws or (b) the Company has determined that the Disposition is exempt from registration under those laws; and (ii) the Company has determined that the Disposition, when added to the total of all other Dispositions within the preceding twelve (12) months, would not result in the Company being considered to have terminated within the meaning of the Code or losing its partnership status and being taxed as a C corporation within the meaning of the Code.
- (d) The Board of Managers will not approve or otherwise allow any Disposition of Class A Units unless both (i) the Disposition is in an increment of two thousand five hundred (2,500) Class A Units and (ii) the Disposition will not result in the number of Class A Members of record equaling three hundred (300) or more or such other number as required to maintain the suspension of the Company's duty to file report pursuant to Rule 12h-3 of the Securities Exchange Act.
- (e) The Board of Managers will not approve or otherwise allow a Disposition of Class B Units unless the Disposition is in an increment of one thousand (1,000) Class B Units. Further, the Board of Mangers will not approve or otherwise allow a Disposition of Class B Units if, either (i) in its sole discretion, they believe that as a result of the Disposition, the Class B Units would be held by five hundred (500) or more Class B Members of record or such other number that would otherwise require the Company to register the Class B Units under the Securities Exchange Act; or (ii) such Disposition is to more than two (2) Persons who are not Class B Members of the Company in any fiscal year.
- (f) The Board of Managers will not approve or otherwise allow a Disposition of Class C Units unless the Disposition is in an increment of five hundred (500) Class C Units. Further, the Board of Managers will not approve or otherwise allow a Disposition of Class C Units if, either (i) in its sole discretion, they believe as a result of the Disposition, the Class C Units would be held by five hundred (500) or more Class C Members of record or such other number that would otherwise require the Company to register the Class C Units under the Securities Exchange Act; or (ii) such Disposition is to more than two (2) Persons who are not Class C Members of the Company in any fiscal year.
- (g) Any Person admitted to the Company upon a Disposition of Capital Units shall pay, or reimburse the Company for, all costs incurred by the Company in connection with the Disposition or admission on or before the thirtieth  $(30^{th})$ day after the receipt by that Person of the Company's invoice for the amount due. If payment is not made by the date due, the Person owing that amount shall pay interest on the unpaid amount from the date due until paid at the legal rate of interest allowed under South Dakota law.

- 4.2 <u>Tax Elections</u>. In the event of a Disposition of all or part of the Capital Units of any Member, the Company, in the sole discretion of the Board of Managers, may elect pursuant to Section 754 of the Code (or any successor provisions) to adjust the basis of the assets of the Company.
- 4.3 <u>Redemption</u>. The Company shall have the right to redeem the Capital Units of a Member or a Person who beneficially holds Capital Units upon any of the following occurrences:
  - (a) An attempt to Dispose of the Capital Units in a manner not in conformity with this Agreement or the Company's Capital Units Transfer System.
  - (b) The failure of a Person who becomes the beneficial holder of Capital Units to comply with Section 4.1 of this Agreement and become a Member within a 12-month period following the date that the Person became a beneficial holder of the Capital Units.
  - (c) The failure of a Person who becomes the beneficial holder of less than the number of Capital Units required to be held of any class of Capital Units pursuant to Section 5.1(b) of this Agreement within two hundred forty (240) days of becoming the holder of less than the minimum requirement.
  - (d) The Member becomes a Bankrupt Member and the Company is not able to sell its Capital Units within two hundred forty (240) days through the Capital Units Transfer System.

If the Company exercises its right to redeem a Member's or Person's Capital Units pursuant to any of the above, upon receipt of such Member's or Person's Capital Unit certificate, the Company shall pay to such Member or Person \$0.20 per Capital Unit. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit or prevent the Company from redeeming the Capital Units of a Member or Person who beneficially holds Capital Units under any other circumstance or for a different price per Capital Unit or from seeking any legal or equitable relief that would otherwise be available to the Company.

### ARTICLE 5 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

#### 5.1 Capital Units.

- (a) *Capital Contribution*. The name, address, capital contribution, and Capital Units quantifying the Ownership Percentage of each member are set forth in the Member Register.
- (b) *Minimum Investment*. A Class A Member must always own at least ten thousand (10,000) Class A Capital Units, and no Person will be admitted as a Class A Member unless said Person holds at least ten thousand (10,000) Class A Capital Units. A Class B Member must always own at least five thousand (5,000) Class B Capital Units, and no such Person will be admitted as a Class B Member unless the Person holds at least five thousand (5,000) Class B Capital Units. A Class C Member must always own at least two thousand five hundred (2,500) Class C Capital Units, and no Person will be admitted as a Class C member unless said Person holds at least two thousand five hundred (2,500) Class C Capital Units. If a Person becomes the holder of fewer than the number of Units required by this Section 5.1(b) in a Disposition, the Person must within two hundred forty (240) days of becoming a holder either acquire additional Capital Units so that the total held by said Person is at least the minimum as required by this Section 5.1(b) or the Person must dispose of the Capital Units in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. If the Person fails to meet either of the requirements of the previous sentence within the time provided, the Company may redeem the Capital Units held by said Person as provided in Section 4.3.

- 5.2 Additional Capital Units. Additional Capital Units may be created and issued to new Members or to existing Members on such terms and conditions as the Board of Managers may determine at the time of admission, and may include for the creation of different classes or groups of Members, represented by different classes of Capital Units, which Capital Units may have different rights, powers, and duties. If the Board of Managers creates additional Capital Units, the Board of Managers must specify the terms of admission or issuance, including the amount of Committed Capital proposed to be raised from the issuance of such Capital Units. Members of the Company shall not have a preemptive right to acquire additional, newly created Capital Units of the Company.
- 5.3 <u>Return of Contributions.</u> A Member is not entitled to the return of any part of its Capital Contribution or to be paid interest in respect of either its capital account or its Capital Contribution. A Capital Contribution is not a liability of the Company or of any Member. Members will not be required to contribute or to lend any cash or property to the Company to enable the Company to return any Member's Capital Contribution.
- 5.4 <u>Advances by Members</u>. If the Company does not have sufficient cash to pay its obligations, and the Company does not raise additional capital pursuant to Section 5.2 hereof, any Member(s) that may agree to do so with the consent of the Board of Managers, as appropriate, may advance all or part of the needed funds to or on behalf of the Company. An advance described in this Section constitutes a loan from the Member to the Company, bears interest at the rate negotiated with the Board of Managers from the date of the advance until the date of payment and is not a Capital Contribution.
- 5.5 <u>Capital Accounts</u>. A capital account shall be established and maintained for each Member pursuant to the requirements of applicable federal income tax regulations. Each Member's capital account shall be increased and decreased as follows:
  - (a) Each Member's capital account shall be increased by: (i) the amount of the initial Capital Contribution made by the Member, (ii) the amount of any additional Capital Contributions made by the Member, and (iii) any income and gains allocated to the Member pursuant to Article 6.
  - (b) Each Member's capital account shall be decreased by: (i) any deductions and losses allocated to the Member pursuant to Article 6, and (ii) the amount of any distributions by the Company to the Member as of the time of the distribution.

A Member who has more than one Capital Unit shall have a single capital account that reflects all its Capital Units, regardless of the Class of Capital Units owned by that Member and regardless of the time or manner in which those Capital Units were acquired. Upon the Disposition of a Capital Unit, that portion of the capital account of the Member effecting the Disposition that is attributable to the Capital Unit subject to the Disposition shall carry over to the Person acquiring such Capital Unit.

5.6 <u>Class A Reclassification.</u> Effective as of 5 p.m., prevailing Central Time on July 1, 2010, (the "Reclassification Effective Time") each Class A Unit outstanding immediately prior to the reclassification effective time owned by a Member who is a record holder (as such terms used in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) of fewer than 40,0000 Class A Units shall, by virtue of this Section 5.6 and without any action on part of the holder thereof, hereafter be classified as a Class C Unit on the basis of one (1) Class C Unit for each Class A Unit held by such Member, and that each Class A Unit outstanding immediately prior to the Reclassification Effective Time owned by a Member who is a record holder of at lease 40,000 and fewer than 70,000 Class A Units immediately prior to the Reclassification Effective Time shall, by virtue of this Section 5.6 and without any action on part of the holder thereof, hereafter be classified as a Class B Unit on the basis of one (1) Class B Unit for each Class A Unit held by such Member. Each Class A Unit outstanding immediately prior to the Reclassification Effective Time owned by a Member who is a record holder of 70,000 or more Class A Units immediately prior to the Reclassification Effective Time owned by a Member who is a record holder of 70,000 or more Class A Units immediately prior to the Reclassification Effective Time shall not be reclassified and shall continue in existence as a Class A Unit.

### ARTICLE 6 ALLOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

- 6.1 <u>Allocations and Distributions</u>. Except as may be required by section 704 (b) and (c) of the Code and the applicable Treasury Regulations, all items of income, gain, loss, deduction, and credit of the Company shall be allocated among the Members, and distributions shall be made, in accordance with this Article 6.
- 6.2 <u>Distributions of Net Cash from Operations</u>. Net Cash from Operations, if any, for any fiscal year, will be distributed to the Members on not less than an annual basis in an amount sufficient to reduce the Company's cumulative Net Cash from Operations to \$200,000.00, unless otherwise determined by a Super Majority Vote of the Board of Managers and provided that any such distribution does not violate or cause the Company to default under the terms of any of the Company's credit facilities or debt instruments or violate Section 6.10 of this Agreement. Additional distributions, if any, may be made as the Board of Managers shall determine in its sole discretion. Distributions shall be made to all Members ratably in proportion to their Ownership Percentages.
- 6.3 <u>Allocations of Income, Gain, Loss, Deductions, and Credits</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Article 6, all items of income, gain, loss, deductions, and credits for a fiscal year shall be allocated to the Members ratably in proportion to their Ownership Percentages.
- 6.4 <u>Allocation of Gain or Loss Upon the Sale of All or Substantially All of the Company's Assets.</u> Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 6.3:
  - (a) Allocation of Gain. Any income or gain from the sale or exchange of all or substantially all of the Company's assets shall be allocated, first, to those Members with capital account balances less than the amounts of their respective Capital Contributions that have not previously been distributed, that amount of income or gain, if any, necessary to increase their capital account balances to the amount of their Capital Contributions not previously distributed; and thereafter, the remaining income or gain, if any, shall be allocated to the Members, ratably in proportion to their Ownership Percentages.
  - (b) Allocation of Loss. Any loss from the sale or exchange of all or substantially all of the Company's assets shall be allocated first, so as to equalize the capital account balances of all Members holding the same number of Capital Units, and thereafter, the remaining losses shall be allocated to the Members, ratably in proportion to their Ownership Percentages.
- 6.5 <u>Regulatory Allocations and Allocation Limitations</u>. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions for allocating income, gains, losses, deductions and credits, the following limitations, regulatory allocations and contingent reallocations are intended to comply with applicable income tax Treasury Regulations under Section 704(b) of the Code and shall be so construed when applied.
  - (a) Minimum Gain Chargeback. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.5, if there is a net decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain during any Company fiscal year, each Member shall be specially allocated items of Company income and gain for such year (and, if necessary, for subsequent years) in accordance with Section 1.704-2(f)(1) of the Treasury Regulations in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in Partnership Minimum Gain (determined in accordance with Section 1.704-2(g)(2) of the Treasury Regulations). This Section 6.5(a) is intended to comply with the minimum gain chargeback requirement in the Treasury Regulations and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.
  - (b) Partner Minimum Gain Chargeback. Except as otherwise provided in Section 1.704-2(i)(4) of the Treasury Regulations, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 6.5, if there is a net decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain attributable to a Partner Nonrecourse Debt during any Company fiscal year, each Member who has a share of the

Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain attributable to such Partner Nonrecourse Debt, determined in accordance with Section 1.704-2(i)(5) of the Treasury Regulations, shall be specially allocated items of Company income and gain for such year (and, if necessary, for subsequent years) in an amount equal to such Member's share of the net decrease in Partner Nonrecourse Debt Minimum Gain attributable to such Partner Nonrecourse Debt, determined in accordance with Section 1.704-2(i)(4) of the Treasury Regulations. Allocations pursuant to the previous sentence shall be made in proportion to the respective amounts required to be allocated to each Member pursuant thereto. The items to be so allocated shall be determined in accordance with Sections 1.704-2(i)(4) and 1.704-2(j)(2) of the Treasury Regulations. This Section 6.5(b) is intended to comply with the minimum gain chargeback requirements in Section 1.704-2(i)(4) of the Treasury Regulations and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

- (c) Qualified Income Offset. In the event a deficit balance in a Member's capital account in excess of the sum of (i) the amount such Member is obligated to restore or contribute to the Company pursuant to any provision of this Agreement, and (ii) the amount such Member is deemed to be obligated to contribute pursuant to the penultimate sentences of Section 1.704-2(g)(1)(ii) and 1.704-2(i)(5) of the Treasury Regulations, is caused or increased because a Member receives an adjustment, allocation, or distribution described in Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) of the Treasury Regulations, such Member will be allocated items of Company income and gain in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate such deficit balance or such increase in the deficit balance, as quickly as possible, to the extent required in the Treasury Regulations. This Section 6.5(c) is intended, and shall be so construed, to provide a "qualified income offset" within the meaning of Section 1.704-1(b)(2)(ii)(d) of the Treasury Regulations.
- (d) Gross Income Allocations. In the event that a deficit balance in a Member's capital account at the end of any fiscal year is in excess of the sum of (i) the amount such Member is obligated to restore or contribute to the Company under this Agreement, and (ii) the amount such Member is deemed to be obligated to restore pursuant to the penultimate sentences of Treasury Regulations §§ 1.704-2(g)(1)(ii) and 1.704-2(i)(5), the Member shall be specially allocated items of Company income and gain in the amount of such excess as quickly as possible, provided that an allocation pursuant to this Section 6.5(d) shall be made only if and to the extent that the Member would have a deficit balance in its capital account in excess of such sum after all other allocations provided for in this Section have been made as if Section 6.5(c) and this Section 6.5(d) were not in this Agreement.
- (e) *Nonrecourse Deductions.* Nonrecourse Deductions shall be specially allocated to the Members in proportion to the allocation of Losses under Section 6.3.
- (f) Partner Nonrecourse Deductions. Any Partner Nonrecourse Deductions for any fiscal year shall be specially allocated to the Member who bears the economic risk of loss with respect to the Partner Nonrecourse Debt to which such Partner Nonrecourse Deductions are attributable in accordance with Section 1.704-2(i)(1) of the Treasury Regulations.
- (g) Members' Shares of Excess Nonrecourse Debt. The Members' shares of excess Partnership Nonrecourse Debt within the meaning of Section 1.752-3(a)(3) of the Treasury Regulations shall be determined in accordance with the manner in which it is reasonably expected that the deductions attributable to such Partnership Nonrecourse Debt will be allocated.
- (h) Curative Allocations. The allocations set forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f) and (g) (the "Regulatory Allocations") are intended to comply with certain requirements of the Treasury Regulations under Section 704(b). Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 6 (other than the Regulatory Allocations), the Regulatory Allocations shall be taken into account in allocating other items of income, gain or loss among the Members so that, to the extent possible, the net amount of allocations of such items of income, gain or loss and the Regulatory Allocations to each Member shall be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to such Member if the Regulatory Allocations had not occurred. For this purpose, future Regulatory Allocations

under Section 6.5(a) and (b) shall be taken into account that, although not yet made, are likely to offset other Regulatory Allocations made under Section 6.5(f) and (g).

- 6.6 <u>Proration of Allocations</u>. All income, gains, losses, deductions and credits for a fiscal year allocable with respect to any Members whose Capital Units may have been transferred, forfeited, reduced or changed during such year should be allocated based upon the varying interests of the Members throughout the year. The precise manner in which such allocations are made shall be determined by the Board of Managers in its sole discretion and shall be a manner of allocation, including an interim closing of the books, permitted to be used for federal income tax purposes.
- 6.7 <u>Consent to Allocation</u>. Each Member expressly consents to the methods provided herein for allocation of the Company's income, gains, losses, deductions and credits.
- 6.8 <u>Distributions in Kind</u>. Except as provided by this Agreement, a Member, regardless of the form of the Member's Capital Contribution, may not demand or receive a distribution from this Company in any form other than cash.
- 6.9 <u>Right to Distributions</u>. A Member who is entitled to receive a distribution that has not been paid by the Company when due has the status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of the Company with respect to such distribution.

#### 6.10 Limitation on Distributions.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company may not make a distribution to its Members to the extent that, immediately after giving effect to the distribution, all liabilities of the Company, other than liabilities to Members with respect to their interests and liabilities for which the recourse of creditors is limited to specified property of the Company, exceed the fair value of the Company's assets, except that the fair value of property that is subject to a liability for which recourse of creditors is limited shall be included in the Company's assets only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds that liability, or otherwise in violation of the Act. A Member who receives a distribution that is not permitted under this Agreement has no liability to return the distribution unless the Member knew that the distribution was prohibited under the terms of this Agreement or the Act.

### ARTICLE 7 OFFICERS

- 7.1 Number of Officers. The officers of the Company shall be a Chief Executive Officer, a Chief Financial Officer, one or more vice-presidents, and a Secretary, each of whom shall be appointed by the Board of Managers. Such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary, including any vice-presidents, may be appointed by the Board of Managers. If specifically authorized by the Board of Managers, an officer may appoint one or more officers or assistant officers for the Company. The same individual may simultaneously hold more than one office in the Company. A Person does not need to be a member of the Board of Managers nor a Member of the Company to serve as an officer of the Company.
- 7.2 Appointment and Term of Office. The officers of the Company shall be appointed by a Super-Majority Vote by the Board of Managers for a term as determined by the Board of Managers. If no term is specified, they shall hold office until the first meeting of the Board of Managers held after the next annual meeting of Members. If the appointment of officers shall not be made at such meeting, such appointment shall be made as soon thereafter as is convenient. Each officer shall hold office until the officer's successor shall have been duly appointed, until the officer's death, or until the officer shall resign or shall have been removed in the manner provided in Section 7.3. The designation of a specified term does not grant to the officer any contract rights. The Board of Managers can remove the officer at any time prior to the termination of such term, and the officer shall be employed "at will," unless otherwise provided by a signed contract with the Company.

- 7.3 <u>Removal of Officers</u>. Any officer or agent of the Company may be removed by a Super Majority Vote of the Board of Managers at any time, with or without cause. Appointment of an officer or agent shall not of itself create contract rights.
- 7.4 <u>The Chief Executive Officer</u>. The Chief Executive Officer shall be the principal executive officer of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer may sign, with the Secretary or any other proper officer of the Company authorized by the Board of Managers, certificates for Capital Units of the Company and in general shall perform all duties incident to the office of Chief Executive Officer and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Managers from time to time.
- 7.5 <u>The Chief Financial Officer</u>. The Chief Financial Officer shall be the principal financial and accounting officer of the Company, and may be the same person as the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall:
  - (a) Have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the Company;
  - (b) Receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Company from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Company in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as shall be selected by the Board of Managers; and
  - (c) In general, perform all of the duties incident to the office of Chief Financial Officer and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to the Chief Financial Officer by the Chief Executive Officer or Board of Managers. If required by the Board of Managers, the Chief Financial Officer shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of the Chief Financial Officer's duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Managers shall determine..
- 7.6 The President. The President shall be the presiding officer of the Board of Managers. The President shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the Members and of the Board of Managers. The President may sign, with the Secretary or any other proper officer of the Board of Managers or of the Company authorized by the Board of Managers, certificates for Capital Units of the Company and in general shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Managers from time to time.
- 7.7 The Vice-Presidents. If appointed, in the absence of the President or in the event of the President's death, inability or refusal to act, the Vice-President, or in the event there be more than one Vice-President, the Vice-Presidents in the order designated at the time of their election, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their appointment, shall perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. If there is no Vice-President, then any member of the Board of Managers shall perform such duties of the President. Any Vice-President may sign, with the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, certificates for shares of the Company the issuance of which have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Managers; and shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to the Vice-President by the President or by the Board of Managers.

#### 7.8 <u>The Secretary</u>. The Secretary shall:

- (a) Keep the minutes of the proceedings of the Members and of the Board of Managers in one or more books provided for that purpose;
- (b) See that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement or as required by (c);

- (c) Be the custodian of the Company records and of any seal of the Company and if there is a seal of the Company, see that it is affixed to all documents the execution of which on behalf of the Company under its seal is duly authorized;
  - (d) When requested or required, authenticate any records of the Company;
- (e) Keep a register of the mailing address of each Member which shall be furnished to the Secretary by such Member;
- (f) Sign with the President, or a Vice-President, certificates for Capital Units of the Company, the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Managers;
  - (g) Have general charge of the Capital Units transfer books of the Company; and
- (h) In general, perform all duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to the Secretary by the President or by the Board of Managers.
- 7.9 <u>Assistant Secretaries</u>. The Assistant Secretaries, when authorized by the Board of Managers, may sign with the Chief Executive Officer or a Vice-President, certificates for Capital Units of the Company the issuance of which shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Board of Managers. The Assistant Secretaries, in general, shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to the Secretary, or by the President or the Board of Managers.
- 7.10 <u>Designation of Tax Matters Partner</u>. The President is designated as the Tax Matters Partner of the Company, as provided in the Treasury Regulations pursuant to Section 6231 of the Code. Each Member, by the execution of this Agreement consents to such designation of the Tax Matters Partner and agrees to execute, certify, acknowledge, deliver, swear to, file and record at the appropriate public offices such documents as may be necessary or appropriate to evidence such consent. If at any time there is no President, or if the President no longer owns Capital Units, the Board of Managers shall designate a Manager who owns Capital Units as the Tax Matters Partner of the Company.

### 7.11 Duties of Tax Matters Partner.

- (a) The Tax Matters Partner shall register the Company as a "tax shelter" with the Internal Revenue Service if such registration is required and shall provide the tax shelter registration number to each Member.
- (b) To the extent and in the manner provided by applicable law and regulations, the Tax Matters Partner shall furnish to the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate (for the purposes of Sections 7.10 and 7.11 only, the "Secretary") the name, address, profit's interest and taxpayer identification number of each Member.
- (c) To the extent and in the manner provided by applicable law and regulations, the Tax Matters Partner shall keep each Member informed of the administrative and judicial proceedings for the adjustment at the Company level of any item required to be taken into account by a Member for income tax purposes (such administrative proceeding referred to hereinafter as a "tax audit" and such judicial proceeding referred to hereinafter as "judicial review").
- (d) If the Tax Matters Partner, on behalf of the Company, receives a notice with respect to a tax audit from the Secretary, the Tax Matters Partner shall forward a copy of such notice to the Members who hold or held an interest in the profits or losses of the Company in the taxable year to which the notice relates as required by law.

- 7.12 <u>Authority of Tax Matters Partner</u>. The Tax Matters Partner is hereby authorized, but not required:
  - (a) To enter into any settlement with the Internal Revenue Service or the Secretary with respect to any tax audit or judicial review, in which agreement the Tax Matters Partner may expressly state that such agreement shall bind the other Members, except that such settlement agreement shall not bind any Member who (within the time prescribed pursuant to the Code and Treasury Regulations thereunder) files a statement with the Secretary providing that the Tax Matters Partner shall not have the authority to enter into a settlement agreement on behalf of such Member:
  - (b) In the event that a notice of a final administrative adjustment at the Company level of any item required to be taken into account by a Member for tax purposes (a "final" adjustment") is mailed to the Tax Matters Partner, to seek judicial review of such final adjustment, including the filing of a petition for readjustment with the Tax Court, the District Court of the United States for the district in which the Company's principal place of business is located, or the United States Court of Claims;
  - (c) To intervene in any action brought by any other Member for judicial review of a final adjustment;
  - (d) To file a request for an administrative adjustment with the Secretary at any time and, if any part of such request is not allowed by the Secretary, to file a petition for judicial review with respect to such request;
  - (e) To enter into an agreement with the Internal Revenue Service to extend the period for assessing any tax which is attributable to any item required to be taken into account by a Member for tax purposes, or an item affected by such item;
  - (f) To take any other action on behalf of the Members or the Company in connection with any administrative or judicial tax proceeding to the extent permitted by applicable law or regulations; and
  - (g) To retain attorneys and accountants on an as-needed basis under such terms and conditions as determined solely by the Tax Matters Partner.
- 7.13 Expenses of Tax Matters Partner. The Company shall indemnify and reimburse the Tax Matters Partner for all expenses, including legal and accounting fees, claims, liabilities, losses and damages incurred in connection with any administrative or judicial proceeding with respect to the tax liability of the Members. The payment of all such expenses shall be made before any distributions are made of Net Cash from Operations, or any discretionary reserves are set aside by the Board of Managers. The taking of any action and the incurring of any expense by the Tax Matters Partner in connection with any such proceeding, except to the extent required by law, is a matter in the sole discretion of the Tax Matters Partner and the provisions on limitations of liability of a Manager and indemnification set forth in Article 9 of this Agreement shall be fully applicable to the Tax Matters Partner in his capacity as such.
- 7.14 <u>Compensation</u>. The salaries and terms of employment of the officers of the Company shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Managers. Officers who are Members of the Company shall receive the same membership benefits that all other Members receive. Officers may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out their duties as officers.

### ARTICLE 8 MANAGEMENT

8.1 <u>Management by Board of Managers.</u>

- (a) Except for situations in which the approval of the Members is required by this Agreement or by non waivable provisions of the Act, and subject to the provisions of Section 8.2, the powers of the Company shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the business and affairs of the Company shall be managed under the direction of the Board of Managers, and the Board of Managers may make all decisions and take all actions for the Company not otherwise provided for in this Agreement, including, without limitation, following:
  - (i) To manage, supervise and conduct the day-to-day affairs of Company;
  - (ii) To direct the expenditure of the capital and profits of the Company in furtherance of the Company's purposes;
  - (iii) To direct the investment of Company funds in any manner deemed appropriate or convenient by the Board of Managers to be in the best interests of the Company;
  - (iv) To enter into operating agreements, joint participations, joint ventures, and partnerships with others containing such terms, provisions and conditions as the Board of Managers s approve;
  - (v) To cause the Company to borrow money from banks and other lending institutions for any Company purpose and in connection therewith to mortgage, grant a security interest in or hypothecate all of the assets of Company;
  - (vi) To sell, dispose, abandon, trade or exchange (but not a sale, disposition, abandonment, trade, or exchange of all or any substantial portion of the Company's assets) of the Company, upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as the Board of Managers deems private;
  - (vii) To enter into agreements and contracts with any Member or an Affiliate of any Member and to give receipts, releases and discharges with respect to all of the foregoing and any matters incident thereto as the Board of Managers may deem advisable or appropriate; provided, however, that any such agreement or contract shall be on terms as favorable to the Company as could be obtained from any third party;
  - (viii) To make distributions in accordance with and subject to the limitations set forth in Article 6 of this Agreement; and
  - (ix) To amend this Agreement until the next Annual Meeting at which time the Members must approve the Amendment, or the Amendment shall become void
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, all acts of the Board of Managers will be by majority vote of the disinterested Managers. The following acts shall require a Super Majority Vote of the disinterested Managers:
  - (i) A decision to distribute Net Cash from Operations other than in accordance with the requirements of 6.2;
  - (ii) The appointment and removal of any officer or agent of the Company pursuant to Sections 7.2 and 7.3;
  - (iii) The removal of a Manager pursuant to Section 8.6; and

- (iv) The receipt of any per diem or other compensation by the Board of Managers for attending meetings and serving as a Manager pursuant to Section 8.20.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 8.1(a), the Board of Managers may not cause the Company to take any action set forth in Section 3.8(b), without first obtaining the required approval of the Members.
- (d) For the purposes of this Agreement, a disinterested Manager shall be a Manager who does not have a material financial interest in any contract or agreement to be approved by the Board of Managers. A Manager who has a material financial interest in any contract or agreement shall not vote on such contract or agreement unless such contract or agreement applies to all Members. If a Manager is an Affiliate or immediate family member (spouse, parent, child, or sibling) of a party with respect to which the Board of Managers intends to act, such Manager shall be deemed to be interested.

### 8.2 <u>Actions by Managers; Committees; Delegation of Authority and Duties.</u>

- (a) In managing the business and affairs of the Company and in exercising its powers, the Board of Managers shall act (i) collectively through meetings and written consents consistent with or as may be provided or limited in other provisions of this Agreement; (ii) through committees pursuant to Section 8.2(b); and (iii) through Managers and officers to whom authority and duties have been delegated pursuant to Section 8.2(c).
- (b) The Board of Managers may, from time to time, designate one or more committees, each of which shall be comprised of one or more members of the Board of Managers, one or more members of the Company, and/or one or more non-members of the Board of Managers or of the Company. Any such committee, to the extent provided in such resolution shall have and may exercise such authority as is designated by the Board of Managers, subject to limitations set forth in the Act. At every meeting of such committee, unless otherwise provided by the Board of Managers, the presence of a majority of all the committee members shall constitute a quorum, and the affirmative vote of the majority of the committee members present shall be necessary for the adoption of any resolution or recommendation of any action. The Board of Managers may dissolve any committees at any time.
- (c) Any Person dealing with the Company, other than a Member, may rely on the authority of the Manager or any officer of the Company in taking any action in the name of the Company without inquiry into the provisions of this Agreement or compliance herewith, regardless of whether that action actually is taken in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.
- 8.3 Registration and Transfer of Securities. Securities and other property owned by the Company shall be registered in the Company's name, in a nominee name, in any such case for the benefit of the Company. Any transfer agent called upon to transfer any securities to or from the name of the Company or such other names shall be entitled to rely on instructions or assignments signed by an officer of the Company, or by any agent or custodian so authorized by the Board of Managers, on its behalf, without inquiry as to the authority of the person signing such instructions or assignments or as to the validity of any transfer to or from the name of the Company. At the time of transfer, any transfer agent is entitled to assume, unless it has actual knowledge to the contrary:
  - (a) that the Company is still in existence;
  - (b) that this Agreement is in full force and effect and has not been amended, unless the transfer agent has received written notice to the contrary; and
    - (c) that the person so signing is authorized to sign on behalf of the Company.

### 8.4 <u>Number; Term of Office; Election.</u>

- (a) The number of Managers of the Company shall be set at 15 unless and until such time as the Managers vote to change the number of Managers serving on the Board of Managers. If the number of Managers is increased, the newly created Manager positions shall be filled at the next annual or special meeting by election by the Members. If the number of Managers is decreased, then the decrease shall coincide with an annual or special meeting and all Managers shall be subject to reelection by the Members. Each Manager shall hold office according to the provisions of Section 8.4(c) unless such Manager resigns, dies, or becomes disabled.
- (b) The Class A Members, voting as a separate class, shall elect nine (9) Managers, the Class B Members, voting as a separate class, shall elect five (5) Managers and the Class C Members, voting as a separate class, shall elect one (1) Manager. A Manager must be a Member, or officer, director, manager or representative of an entity that is a Member, of the class of Members by which he or she is elected; provided, however, such requirement will commence only on a staggered basis beginning with the 2010 annual meeting of Members following the Reclassification and continuing annually thereafter as follows:

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2010: Class A – 3 Managers; Class B – 2 Managers; Class C – 0 Manager.
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2011: Class A – 3 Managers; Class B – 2 Managers; Class C – 0 Manager.

2012: Class A – 3 Managers; Class B – 1 Manager; Class C – 1 Manager.

Beginning in 2013 and every year thereafter, the election cycle among classes of Managers shall be repeated as commenced in 2010. All Managers serving on the Board of Managers immediately prior to the Reclassification shall continue to serve on the Board after Reclassification until their existing terms expire, as provided in Exhibit A, and shall be eligible for reelection to the extent the Agreement permits such Manager to seek re-election under this Section 8.4.

- (c) Each Manager shall be elected to office by the Members for a term of three years or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. No Manager may serve more than five consecutive three year terms on the Board of Managers including any term prior to the Reclassification except any term when the Company was organized as a cooperative., If a Manager's term expires, the Manager shall continue to serve until the Manager's successor shall have been elected and qualified. If a Manager is appointed to complete an unexpired term, that portion of the unexpired term served shall not be counted when calculating the Manager's length of service.
- (d) Managers shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by the Members of the appropriate class voting in the election, with each Member having one vote per position and no cumulative voting. Other aspects of the election process shall be determined by the Board of Managers in advance of the annual or special election.
- 8.5 <u>Death or Disability of Managers</u>. Upon the death or disability of a Manager, the resulting vacancy on the Board of Managers may be filled in accordance with Section 8.8. "Disability" shall mean the inability to perform the functions and duties of one's position for a period of six (6) months.
- 8.6 <u>Removal</u>. Managers may be removed for any reason at any annual or special meeting of Members by the affirmative vote of the majority of the Members of the class which elected such Manager. The notice calling such meeting shall give notice of the intention to act upon such matter, and if the notice so provides, the vacancy caused by such removal by the Members may be filled at such meeting by vote of the class of Members responsible for electing the Manager and represented at such meeting.

- 8.7 <u>Resignations.</u> Any Manager may resign at any time. Such resignation shall be made in writing and shall take effect at the time specified therein, or, if no time be specified then at the time of its receipt by the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary. The acceptance of a resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective, unless expressly so provided in the resignation.
- 8.8 <u>Vacancies</u>. Any vacancy occurring in the Board of Managers (other than by reason of an increase in the number of Managers) may be filled by appointment through the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Managers, though less than a quorum of the Managers, provided that the person appointed to fill such a vacancy is a Member of the class in which the vacancy occurred. A Manager appointed by the Board of Managers to fill a vacancy shall serve until the next annual meeting or special meeting of Members held for the purpose of electing Managers, at which time, the Members of the applicable Class of Members shall elect a new Manager to serve for the remainder of the original unexpired term of the vacated position. Any Manager position to be filled by reason of an increase in the number of members on the Board of Managers shall be filled by election at an annual meeting or at a special meeting of Members called for that purpose.
- 8.9 <u>Place and Manner of Meetings</u>. Meetings of the Board of Managers, regular or special, may be held either within or without the State of South Dakota. Managers may participate in such meetings by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting as provided herein shall constitute presence in person at such meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.
- 8.10 <u>First Meeting</u>. The first meeting of the newly elected Managers shall be held without further notice within sixty (60) days following the annual meeting of the Members, and at the same place, unless by unanimous consent of the Board of Managers then elected and serving, such time or place shall be changed.
- 8.11 <u>Regular Meeting of Board of Managers</u>. A regular meeting of the Board of Managers may be held at such time as shall be determined from time to time by resolution of the Board of Managers.
- 8.12 <u>Special Meeting of Board of Managers</u>. The Secretary shall call a special meeting of the Board of Managers whenever requested to do so by the Chief Executive Officer, or by 30% of the Managers. Such special meeting shall be held at the time specified in the notice of the meeting. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting need be specified in a notice or waiver of notice.
- 8.13 <u>Notice of Board of Managers' Meetings</u>. All special meetings of the Board of Managers shall be held upon two (2) days' written or oral notice stating the date, place and hour of meeting delivered to each Manager either personally or by facsimile transmission, or upon seven days' written notice by mail, at the direction of the Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary, or Managers calling the meeting.
- 8.14 <u>Action Without Meeting.</u> Any action required by the Act to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Managers, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the Board of Managers, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the same number of Managers which would have been necessary to approve such action if a meeting had been held. Such consent shall have the same force and effect as if adopted at a duly called meeting of the Board of Managers.
- 8.15 Quorum; Majority Vote. At all meetings of the Board of Managers, a majority of the members of the Board of Managers shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the act of a majority of the Managers present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Managers. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Managers, the Managers present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present.

- 8.16 Approval or Ratification of Acts or Contracts. The Board of Managers in its discretion may submit any act or contract for approval or ratification at any annual meeting of the Members, or at any special meeting of the Members called for the purpose of considering any such act or contract, and any act or contract that shall be approved or be ratified by the Members shall be as valid and as binding upon the Company and upon all the Members as if it shall have been approved or ratified by every Member of the Company.
- 8.17 <u>Interested Managers, Officers and Members.</u> No contract or transaction between the Company and one or more of its Managers, officers, or Members, or any of their Affiliates, or between the Company and any other limited liability company, corporation, partnership, association or other organization in which one or more of its Managers or Members are managers or officers or have a financial interest, shall be void or voidable solely for this reason or solely because the Person is present at or participates in the meeting of the Board of Managers or of a committee formed by the Board of Managers which authorizes the contract or transaction. Subject to Section 8.1(d), only disinterested Managers may vote on any particular matter or issue.
- 8.18 Expenses of the Company. All expenses of the Company shall be billed to and paid by the Company. The Managers may be reimbursed for the actual cost of goods and services used for or by the Company. The Managers may be reimbursed for the administrative services necessary to the prudent operation of the Company; provided, the reimbursement shall be the lower of the Manager's actual cost or the amount the Company would be required to pay persons other than Affiliates for comparable administrative services in the same geographic location; and provided, further, that such costs are reasonably allocated to the Company on the basis of assets, revenues, time records or other method conforming with generally accepted accounting principles. No reimbursement shall be permitted for services for which the Manager is entitled to compensation by way of a separate fee.
- 8.19 <u>Procedure</u>. The Board of Managers shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings. The minutes shall be placed in the minute book of the Company.
- 8.20 <u>Compensation</u>. The members of the Board of Managers shall receive per diem or other compensation for attending meetings and serving as a Manager as determined by a Super Majority Vote of the Board of Managers. Managers who are Members of the Company shall receive the same membership benefits that all other Members receive. Managers may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out their duties as Managers.

### ARTICLE 9 INDEMNIFICATION

- 9.1 <u>Indemnification</u>. The Company shall indemnify an officer, Member, Manager, former Member, a former officer or a former Manager of the Company against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by said person in connection with the defense of an action, suit or proceeding, civil or criminal, in which said person is made a party by reason of being or having been such officer, Member or Manager, except in relation to matters as to which such Person may be adjudged in the action, suit or proceeding to be liable to the Company under Section 9.2 of this Agreement.
- 9.2 <u>Liability of Company</u>. To the full extent permitted by South Dakota law, no officer, Member or Manager shall be liable to the Company or its Members for monetary damages for an act or omission in such Person's capacity as an officer, Member or Manager of the Company, except that this Article does not eliminate or limit the liability of an officer, Member or Manager to the extent the officer, Member or Manager is found liable for:
  - (a) a breach of the duty of loyalty to the Company or its Members;
  - (b) an act or omission not in good faith that constitutes a breach of duty to the Company or its Members or an act or omission that involves gross negligence, intentional misconduct or a known violation of the law;

- (c) a transaction from which the officer, Member or Manager received an improper benefit whether or not the benefit resulted from an action taken within the scope of the officer's, Member's or Manager's office; or
- (d) an act or omission for which the liability of an officer, Member or Manager is expressly provided for by applicable statute.
- 9.3 <u>Prospective Amendment of Liability and Indemnity</u>. Any repeal or amendment of this Article by the Board of Managers of the Company shall be prospective only and shall not adversely affect any right of an officer, Member or Manager to indemnification, or any limitation on the liability of an officer, Member or Manager of the Company existing at the time of such repeal or amendment.
- 9.4 <u>Non-Exclusive Liability and Indemnity</u>. The provisions of this Article 9 shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights or limitations of liability or indemnity to which an officer, Member or Manager may be entitled under any other provision of this Agreement, or pursuant to any contract or agreement, the Act or otherwise.

### ARTICLE 10 CAPITAL UNIT CERTIFICATES

- 10.1 <u>Certificates For Membership</u>. Certificates representing Capital Units of the Company shall be in such form as shall be determined by the Board of Managers. Such certificates shall be signed by the Chief Executive Officer or the Vice President and by the Secretary or assistant Secretary. All certificates for Membership shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the certificate has been issued shall be entered on the Capital Units transfer books of the Company. All certificates surrendered to the Company for transfer shall be canceled and no new certificates shall be issued until the former certificate shall have been surrendered or cancelled.
- 10.2 <u>Transfer of Certificates</u>. Transfer of certificates of the Company shall be made pursuant to this Agreement only on the transfer books of the Company by the holder of record thereof or by the holder's legal representative, who shall furnish proper evidence of authority to transfer, or by the Member's attorney thereunto authorized by the power of attorney duly executed and filed with the Secretary of the Company, and on surrender for cancellation of the certificate. The Person in whose name the Certificate stands on the books of the Company shall be deemed by the Company to be the owner thereof for all purposes.
- 10.3 <u>Loss or Destruction of Certificates</u>. In case of loss or destruction of any certificate, another certificate may be issued in its place upon proof of such loss or destruction, and upon giving a satisfactory bond of indemnity to the Company and to the transfer agent and registrar, if any, of such certificate, in such sum as the Board of Managers may provide.
- 10.4 <u>Certificate Regulations</u>. The Board of Managers shall have the power and authority to make such further rules and regulations not inconsistent with the statutes of the State of South Dakota as they may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer, conversion and registration of certificates of the Company, including the appointment or designation of one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars. The Company may act as its own transfer agent and registrar.
- 10.5 <u>Transfer of Membership</u>. Membership shall not be transferred except with the approval and consent of the Board of Managers and in accordance with the Capital Transfer System.
  - 10.6 <u>Legends</u>. The Board of Mangers may provide for the placement of legends on Capital Unit certificates to indicate restrictions on transfer or other restrictions or obligations contained herein.

### ARTICLE 11 BANKRUPTCY OF A MEMBER

Subject to this Article 11, if any Member becomes a Bankrupt Member, the Bankrupt Member's Capital Units shall be offered for sale through the Capital Units Transfer System, and if such a sale is not completed within two hundred forty (240) days after the Member becomes a Bankrupt Member, the Company shall have the option, exercisable by notice from the Company to the Bankrupt Member (or its representative) at any time after expiration of the two hundred forty (240) day period, to redeem and cancel the Bankrupt Member's Capital Units at a purchase price equal to \$0.20 per Capital Unit or the lowest amount which may be approved by the Bankruptcy Court. The payment to be made to the Bankrupt Member or its representative pursuant to this Article 11 is in complete liquidation and satisfaction of all the rights and interest of the Bankrupt Member and its representative (and of all Persons claiming by, through, or under the Bankrupt Member and its representative) and in respect of the Company, including, without limitation, any Capital Units, any rights in specific Company property, and any rights against the Company and (insofar as the affairs of the Company are concerned) against the Members, and constitutes a compromise to which all Members have agreed.

### ARTICLE 12 DISSOLUTION

- 12.1 <u>Dissolution and Winding-Up</u>. The Company shall dissolve and its affairs shall be wound up on the first to occur of the following:
  - (a) the consent of a majority of the Class A Members and Class B Members, each voting as separate classes;
  - (b) an event that makes it unlawful for all or substantially all of the business of the Company to be continued, but any cure of illegality within ninety (90) days after notice to the Company of the event is effective retroactively to the date of the event for purposes of this section;
  - (c) on application by a Member or a dissociated Member, upon entry of a judicial decree that:
    - (i) the economic purpose of the Company is likely to be unreasonably frustrated;
    - (ii) it is not otherwise reasonably practicable to carry on the Company's business in conformity with the Articles and this Agreement; or
    - (iii) the Managers or Members in control of the Company have acted, are acting, or will act in a manner that is illegal, oppressive, fraudulent or unfairly prejudice the petitioning Member.
- 12.2 <u>Continuation</u>. Except upon application and receipt of a judicial decree as provided in Section 12.1(c), no Member has the right to dissociate from the Company. The death, expulsion, bankruptcy or dissolution of a Member, or the occurrence of any other event that terminates the continued membership of a Member in the Company, shall not cause a dissolution of the Company.

### ARTICLE 13 LIQUIDATION AND TERMINATION

13.1 <u>Liquidation and Termination</u>. On dissolution of the Company, the Board of Managers shall proceed diligently to wind up the affairs of the Company and make any final distribution as provided

in this Agreement and the Act. The costs of liquidation shall be borne as a Company expense. Liquidation proceeds, if any, shall first be used to pay the Company's obligations and liabilities.

- 13.2 <u>Application and Distribution of Proceeds on Liquidation</u>. Upon an event of liquidation, the business of the Company shall be wound up, the Board of Managers shall take full account of the Company's assets and liabilities, and all assets shall be liquidated as promptly as is consistent with obtaining the fair value thereof. If any assets are not sold, gain or loss shall be allocated to the Members in accordance with Article 6 as if such assets had been sold at their fair market value at the time of the liquidation. If any assets are distributed to a Member, rather than sold, the distribution shall be treated as a distribution equal to the fair market value of the asset at the time of the liquidation. The assets of the Company shall be applied and distributed in the following order of priority:
  - (a) to the payment of all debts and liabilities of the Company, including all fees due the Members and Affiliates, and including any loans or advances that may have been made by the Members to the Company, in the order of priority as provided by law;
  - (b) to the establishment of any reserves deemed necessary by the Board of Managers or the Person winding up the affairs of the Company for any contingent liability or obligations of the Company;
  - (c) to the Members ratably in proportion to the credit balances in their respective capital accounts in an amount equal to the aggregate credit balances in the capital accounts after and including all allocations to the Members under Article 6, including the allocation of any income, gain or loss from the sale, exchange or other disposition (including a deemed sale pursuant to this Section 13.2) of the Company's assets.
- 13.3 <u>Deficit Capital Account Balances</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, and notwithstanding any custom or rule of law to the contrary, to the extent that the deficit, if any, in the capital account of any Member results from or is attributable to deductions and losses of the Company (including non-cash items such as depreciation), or distributions of money pursuant to this Agreement to all Members in proportion to their respective Ownership Percentages, upon dissolution of the Company such deficit shall not be an asset of the Company and such Members shall not be obligated to contribute such amount to the Company to bring the balance of subject Member's capital account to zero.
- 13.4 <u>Articles of Dissolution</u>. On completion of the distribution of Company assets as provided herein, the Company is terminated, and the Board of Managers shall file Articles of Dissolution with the Secretary of State of South Dakota and take such other actions as may be necessary to terminate the Company.

### ARTICLE 14 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 14.1 <u>Books and Records</u>. The Company shall maintain those books and records as provided by the Act and as it may deem necessary or desirable. All books and records provided for by the Act shall be open to inspection of the Members from time to time and to the extent expressly provided by the Act, and not otherwise.
- 14.2 <u>Headings</u>. The headings used in this Agreement have been inserted for convenience only and do not constitute matter to be construed in interpretation of this Agreement.
- 14.3 <u>Construction and Severability.</u> Whenever the context so requires, the gender of all words used in this Agreement includes the masculine, feminine, and neuter, and the singular shall include the plural, and conversely. All references to Articles and Sections refer to articles and sections of this Agreement, and all references to Exhibits, if any, are to Exhibits attached hereto, if any, each of which is

made a part hereof for all purposes. If any portion of this Agreement shall be invalid or inoperative, then, so far as is reasonable and possible:

- (a) The remainder of this Agreement shall be considered valid and operative; and
- (b) Effect shall be given to the intent manifested by the portion held invalid or inoperative.
- 14.4 <u>Effect of Waiver or Consent.</u> A waiver or consent, express or implied, to or of any breach or default by any Person in the performance by that Person of its obligations with respect to the Company is not a consent or waiver to or of any other breach or default in the performance by that Person of the same or any other obligations of that Person with respect to the Company. Failure on the part of a Person to complain of any act of any Person or to declare any Person in default with respect to the Company, irrespective of how long that failure continues, does not constitute a waiver by that Person of its rights with respect to that default until the applicable statute-of-limitations period has run.
- 14.5 <u>Binding Effect</u>. Subject to the restrictions on Dispositions set forth in this Agreement, this Agreement is binding on and inures to the benefit of the Members and their respective heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.
- 14.6 Governing Law/Jurisdiction. THIS AGREEMENT HAS BEEN EXECUTED IN SOUTH DAKOTA AND SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA. THE MEMBERS CONSENT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA AND AGREE THAT ANY ACTION ARISING OUT OF OR TO ENFORCE THIS AGREEMENT MUST BE BROUGHT AND MAINTAINED IN SOUTH DAKOTA.
- 14.7 <u>Further Assurances</u>. In connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, each Member shall execute and deliver any additional documents and instruments and perform any additional acts that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and perform the provisions of this Agreement and those transactions.
- 14.8 <u>Notice to Members of Provisions of This Agreement</u>. By becoming a Member, each Member acknowledges that it has actual notice of (a) all of the provisions of this Agreement, including, without limitation, the restrictions on the Disposition of Capital Units set forth in Article 4, and (b) all of the provisions of the Articles. Each Member agrees that this Agreement constitutes adequate notice of all such provisions, and each Member waives any requirement that any further notice thereunder be given.
- 14.9 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if all signing parties had signed the same document. All counterparts shall be construed together and constitute the same instrument.
- 14.10 <u>Conflicting Provisions</u>. To the extent that one or more provisions of this Agreement appear to be in conflict with one another, then the Board of Managers shall have the right to choose which of the conflicting provisions are to be enforced. Wide latitude is given to the Board of Managers in interpreting the provisions of this Agreement to accomplish the purposes and objectives of the Company, and the Board of Managers may apply this Agreement in such a manner as to be in the best interest of the Company, in its sole discretion, even if such interpretation or choice of conflicting provisions to enforce is detrimental to one or more Members.
- 14.11 <u>Amendments</u>. The adoption, amendment or repeal of any provision in this Agreement must be approved by the applicable class of Members, as set forth in Section 3.8.

By:	-		
Its:	President		

NORTHERN GROWERS, LLC

### Exhibit A

<u>Name</u>	<b>Term Expiration</b>
Ron Olson	2010
Steve Street	2010
Robert Metz	2010
Mark Lounsbery	2011
Robert Narem	2011
Bill Whipple	2011
Ron Anderson	2012
Lars Herseth	2012
Heath Peterson	2012
Delton Strasser	2012
Jeff Olson	2010
Leroy Bergan	2010
Robert Wittnebel	2011
Wendell Falk	2011
J. Charles Walters	2012